

# The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No 1287

七十八年七月廿六日

年未辛酉

HONGKONG THURSDAY, 3RD AUGUST, 1871

午前

西月八號

香港

PRICE \$2 PER MONTH.

## Arrivals.

Aug. 2 MORNING STAR. Siam, br., 574, N. Schut, Bangkok July 15th, General CRINNE.  
Aug. 2 ALBATROSS, Norw. br., 223, Venus, Whampoa 1st August.—F. T. GENEAR.  
Aug. 2 MARIE, French br., 250, Horver, Whampoa August 1st.—F. DEGENARE.  
Aug. 2 HINDOSTAN, Brit. str., 991, Miller, Calcutta 17th, Panama 24th, and Singapore 27th, 1,496 chests Opium, 2,418 bales Cotton, 1,270 bags Rice and 1,292 packages Sundries.—D. SASSEON, Sons & Co.  
Aug. 2 CATHERINE FULHORN, Brit. br., 375, Hughes, Whampoa August 1st.—V. H. HAGDON & Co.  
Aug. 2 MALLA, Brit. str., 1,880, Bernard, Shanghai July 29th, Silk and Treasure—P. & O. Co.  
Aug. 3 MARY HELEN, North Gyr. br., 270, A. Watkinson, Ningpo 19th July, General Ed. SCHILLER & Co.  
Aug. 3 SHI GULU, Brit. str., from Macao 3rd August.  
Aug. 3 PEGO, Brit. str., 636, 218 Horse-power, Ferries, Shanghai 29th July, and Aug. 1st August, General JARDINE, MATTHESON & Co.  
Aug. 3 JAMES GREIG, Chief Manager, Office of the Corporation.  
No. 1 Queen's Road East.  
1,153, Mullenhoff, Chofoo 10th July, Peas and Vermicelli.—Wm. PEAT & Co.

## Departures.

Aug. 2 BENEFICATOR, for Foochow.  
Aug. 2 FRISCH, for Tientsin.  
Aug. 2 GLENLOW, for Calcutta.  
Aug. 2 ALDENHAR, for Saigon.  
Aug. 2 HANDE, for Chefoo.  
Aug. 2 HECTOR, for Tientsin.  
Aug. 2 BURLINGTON, for Saigon.

## Clearances.

At the HAMPSHIRE OFFICE,  
2nd August.  
Eleanor DIXON, for Cootta.  
Elizabeta, for Tientsin.  
Lucky, for Chefoo.  
Jens WOODBURN, for Foochow.  
Palace, for Shanghai.

## Passports.

Per His Excellency, Sir, from Calcutta, &c.—  
Mr. E. J. Jackson, & sons, Mr. Mrs. Hayeon, Mr. E. B. John, & sons, Mr. & Mrs. Dale and child Moses Doddington, Rattonjee, E. J. Robson, & 121 Chinese deck.  
Per Malacca, str., from Shanghai.—  
Mr. and Mrs. Edwards, Messrs. Howie, Clark, Jackson, Stoddard, & servants, 1 European deck and 48 Chinese.  
Per Peking, str., from Shanghai, &c.—  
Messrs. Daly and Sobey.

## Reports.

The North German schooner Johanna Anton from Chelio on 10th July, reports until Formosa S.W. winds, thence E. and N.E.

The British steamship Perseus reports light S. winds until Turnabout, thence fresh N.E. without current. Off Breaker Point, passed the steamship Acacia.

By order of the Court of Directors.  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.  
203 1285 Hongkong, 25th July, 1871.

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the REGISTERS OF SHARES of the CORPORATION will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 14th day of August—prolonged (both days included), during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.  
203 1285 Hongkong, 25th July, 1871.

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this CORPORATION will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 14th day of August, proximo, at three o'clock P.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors, together with a statement of Accounts to 26th June, 1871.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.  
203 1285 Hongkong, 25th July, 1871.

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this CORPORATION will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 14th day of August, proximo, at three o'clock P.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors, together with a statement of Accounts to 26th June, 1871.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.  
203 1285 Hongkong, 25th July, 1871.

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Call of Twenty-five dollars per Share, on the Shares in the Capital of the Corporation, numbered from 20,000 to 40,000, inclusive, was payable on the 1st day of JULY last, at the Head Office and Branches of the Bank.

Interest at the rate of Twelve per centum per annum, charged on the amount of all calls unpaid, and all subsequent provisions of the 30th article of the Deed of Settlement of the Corporation will also be enforced in respect of Shares upon which the Calls remain unpaid.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.  
if 941 Hongkong, 3rd July, 1871.

## GERMAN BANK OF LONDON (Limited).

### DIRECTORS.

GEORGE ALBRECHT, Bremen.  
EDWARD HEINTZ, London.  
CARL KLOZ, Frankfurt-on-the-Main.  
VICTOR FISCHER von MAGNUS, Berlin.  
JULIUS MAX, Frankfurt-on-the-Main.  
ADOLPH VON RATH, Cologne.  
CHARLES FERNAND RODEWALD, London.  
FREDERICK RODEWALD, London.  
RODOLPH SULZBACH, Frankfurt-on-the-Main.  
L. JOSEPH SPERER, Frankfurt-on-the-Main.

### Managing Director—OTTO NEPPLE.

Assistant Manager—LEOPOLD BOHN.

Auditor—GEORGE THOMAS BRODING.

Bankers—THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LONDON.

### NOTICE.

The Capital of the German Bank of London, Limited is £20,000,000, divided into 200,000 Shares of £100 each, or 50,000 Shares, representing a capital of £500,000, which has been issued, subscribed for, and allotted, and is intended to be fully paid up within six months.

The Bank is established in London, and has no branches on the Continent or abroad. It is now prepared to open business to negotiate to approve securities, and generally to attend to transactions appertaining to Foreign banking business.

For particulars, apply to

J. TURNER & Co.

203 1284 Hongkong, 25th March, 1871.

## O B I E N T A L H O T E L

### HILLIARD ROOMS AND BOWLING ALLEYS.

Proprietor—J. HAYNES.

The above Hotel is now open for the reception of Visitors to this Port, and every comfort will be ensured to Patrons visiting this establishment. A table d'hôte at the undermentioned hours, when the viands provided will leave Patrons nothing to desire:

Breakfast, from 9 to 11 A.M.

Tea, 1 P.M.

Dinner, 7 P.M.

Refreshments can be obtained at all hours.

Wines and Spirits of the best quality only.

French, Spanish, Italian, and German Spoken, if 1200 Hongkong, 14th July, 1871.

"Japan Mail" and "Japan Weekly Mail."

JANE, CRAWFORD & Co., having been appointed agents for the above-named newspapers, are prepared to receive Applications and Subscriptions for the same.

Terms of Subscription, payable in advance: Japan Mail, \$15 per annum; Japan Weekly Mail, \$24 per annum.

if 122 Hongkong, 18th January, 1871.

## DENTISTERY

### D. COOLINGS, D.D.S.

No. 7, Avasthia Road,

HONGKONG.

if 1219 Hongkong, 17th July, 1871.

## Banks.

### HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL \$3,000,000 of Dollars.

### Court of Directors.

Chairman—HON. R. BOWERT.

Deputy Chairman—T. PETER, Esq.

E. P. JELLINE, Esq.

G. J. HILLARD, Esq.

A. FOET, Esq.

S. D. SASSOON, Esq.

J. W. WELER, Esq.

Monitors—

Hongkong—James Greig, Esq.

Chief Manager.

Shanghai—David McLean, Esq.

London Bankers—London and County Bank.

### HONGKONG.

### INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 1 percent per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:

For 3 months' 2 percent per annum.

12 " 4 "

12 " 5 "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on improved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drugs—printed by London, and the chief commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

JAMES GREIG, Chief Manager.

Office of the Corporation.

No. 1, Queen's Road East.

1,153, Mullenhoff, Chofoo 10th July, 1871.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this CORPORATION will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 14th day of August, proximo, at three o'clock P.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors, together with a statement of Accounts to 26th June, 1871.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.

203 1285 Hongkong, 25th July, 1871.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this CORPORATION will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 14th day of August, proximo, at three o'clock P.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors, together with a statement of Accounts to 26th June, 1871.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.

203 1285 Hongkong, 25th July, 1871.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Call of Twenty-five dollars per Share, on the Shares in the Capital of the Corporation, numbered from 20,000 to 40,000, inclusive, was payable on the 1st day of JULY last, at the Head Office and Branches of the Bank.

Interest at the rate of Twelve per centum per annum, charged on the amount of all calls unpaid, and all subsequent provisions of the 30th article of the Deed of Settlement of the Corporation will also be enforced in respect of Shares upon which the Calls remain unpaid.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.

if 941 Hongkong, 3rd July, 1871.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this CORPORATION will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 14th day of August, proximo, at three o'clock P.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors, together with a statement of Accounts to 26th June, 1871.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.

203 1285 Hongkong, 25th July, 1871.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Call of Twenty-five dollars per Share, on the Shares in the Capital of the Corporation, numbered from 20,000 to 40,000, inclusive, was payable on the 1st day of JULY last, at the Head Office and Branches of the Bank.

Interest at the rate of Twelve per centum per annum, charged on the amount of all calls unpaid, and all subsequent provisions of the 30th article of the Deed of Settlement of the Corporation will also be enforced in respect of Shares upon which the Calls remain unpaid.

By order of the Court of Directors,  
JAMES GREIG,  
Chief Manager.

if 941 Hongkong, 3rd July, 1871.

NOW READY.

BOUND VOLUMES OF THE TRADE REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1870. Price \$10.  
Apply at the Daily Press Office.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1871.

The officers of the Daily Press leave this office on Wednesday morning at 10:15, and the last messenger, left the office at 10:30.

## The Daily Press

HONGKONG, AUGUST 30, 1871.

May it be asked whether the Bishop of Victoria, who so admirably fills the Apostolic duties, if not of preaching, the word to every nation, at least of going to all parts of the world, took into his consideration, when last in Hongkong, the nature of the foundation known as St Paul's College? That institution seems to be a thorough model of Hongkong institutions generally;—all “out sides.” The building is admirable; but where are the scholars which the foundation was designed to support? Can anyone in Hongkong say what was the nature of the original trust on which the College was founded? To the best of our information at present, the object was to secure an advanced English education to Chinese youth, and even to grown men, provided they showed sufficient desire to study. The College was, in fact, intended to be a College; but by some very peculiar circumstances, it gradually came down to be a school, and finally an empty building, or more accurately speaking, a kind of ecclesiastical lodging house. Bishop Sharp, who whatever his qualities or failings may have been in other respects, took a warm and earnest interest in the College, had numerous youths educated in a way which, in some degree, sustained the reputation and credit of the institution,—but it seems that from various circumstances, at the time Bishop Ayerden came out, the pupils had come down to be merely a few boys; and these it was considered would be well enough cared for if they were sent to the Government Schools. Whether there are any pupils now, we are not quite certain, but at all events the building is sufficiently cleared of debris to become the recognized place of abode of the Bishop (when here) and the Colonial Chaplains for the time being; the presence of these ecclesiastics, and the golden mite over the porch, being now apparently all that is left to show that the building is a College. How we ask, does this matter stand? Is the intention of the founders of the institution? If it is, well and good, but if not, might not some steps be taken to bring it back to the original design?

Altogether, there is a great want of some body to give a little stirring up to the ecclesiastical matters in the Colony, which have got into a very strange state of confusion. The resignation of the Rev. Mr. Pirson, considering the very short time the Bishop stopped here, was somewhat inexplicable, and is certainly now to be regretted, as the result is that the present acting Colonial Chaplain has an amount of work thrown upon his shoulders which would be heavy anywhere, and must be almost killing in a climate such as this. Bishop Ayerden, we understand, on very good authority, has at last expressed his intention of resigning, so that before long we may probably have a new Bishop and a new regime. The present is, therefore, a very suitable time for the discussion of these matters; and with regard specially to St. Paul's College, it is to be hoped that some definite information may be forthcoming, before it is too late to bring the institution back to conformity with the intentions of its founders. That a suitable College in Hongkong would be a desirable institution very few can doubt, and it must be a thousand pities if, when one has been established, it should be allowed to slide off from its proper sphere into a name or at best a local habitation.

A telegram dated London, 2nd August, has been received, announcing that the P. & O. steamer Australia arrived at Southampton on the 29th July, and that her masters were in London the same day. The *Enterprise* and *Ent. King* arrived on the 31st.

In the Supreme Court yesterday, private was granted in the estate of David Illingworth and Lei Po. The case of Archbold, Earberg & Co. v. Lai-sui-on did not come on, as it had been settled out of court.

## POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

2nd August.

BEFORE J. RUSSELL, Esq.

## GAMBLING.

Yeong-asing, an idle cook, was fined \$2 for gambling at dice at Possession Point, one of silver with which he had tried to bribe O.P.C. No. 55, his captor, was declared forfeit, and placed in the poor-house.

## CAKE BAKED TO SUCK.

Loo-koong, a servant of No. 33, Bonham Strand, was fined \$5 for unlawfully packing and repacking a large quantity of sugar in Hillier Street, thereby causing an obstruction in the thoroughfare. Defendant pleaded necessity as the sole obnoxious force, by which he was compelled on the occasion.

## ROBE AND VAGABOND.

Mak-ahng, an unemployed, went to Gau for the month of June, and stayed there. This defendant was found in possession of a Spanish Concert, and sundry brass books were thrown by him away, as he ran to avoid capture, and some brass door handles were discovered lying on the floor of the house. Defendant professed that he was seeking shelter from the rain.

## PROVOCATION.

Manel Leen, an imposter, was charged by Phialahing J.-Joseph, a person of the female persuasion, with having unlawfully used insulting and abusive language to her, whereby a breach of the peace might have been occasioned. Defendant, who denied having used the opprobrious and insulting epithets imputed to him, was fined \$1.

In the library of the Louvre, recently lent by the inaugurations, there is a number of old documents destroyed, comprising manuscripts, historical documents, rare editions, &c. The old French or foreign works presented to the Louvre or the Tuilleries, or to which the Court had subscribed, portfolios of engravings, collections of photographs of the various public or private galleries, &c.

## THE CONSPIRACY CASE.

Police Court.

August 2nd.

BEFORE C. MAY, Esq.

This case was continued at 2:30 p.m. yesterday. Mr. Seth having been called as interpreter, he overruled Abdool Mousah his former evidence. At the passage “I never sold the Chinese merchants that I was making for Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co,” the witness said that although that was true, the Chinese knew from other sources that he was, the Chinese brought to the witness that he was purchasing for that firm.

Mr. May observed that this explanation was a contradiction of the witness's statement in another part of his deposition, viz., that the Chinese did not know him, but he knew Hassin. “I don't know you, but you know Hassin.” As to the bills which he drew upon Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co., witness explained that he sent them to Sali Mahomed, but did not know what the latter did with them. He was instructed by Sali Mahomed to draw, and to send the drafts to him.

Examination continued by Mr. Sharp.—Sali Mahomed drew out the body of the bill, and I signed it for you, my signature is on it. I signed it for your signature. I signed them.

“Master Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co., by Abdool Rahman Jummal.” They were all signed in this manner. The bill placed in my hands is only the third of exchange, and is not properly signed. It appears to be signed in my writing. To the first and second, I always signed both names, but the third, which was generally retained here, was signed in my proper name. Sometimes Sali was alone, sometimes accompanied by Sali Mahomed or Abdool Mousah. The purchases were not very large at one time. At first the business which I transacted was transacted by Noord Mahomed Camien. When I succeeded him the firm of Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co. owed \$24,000 to the Chinese, which I undertook to pay, and which I did. I paid the Chinese \$2,000. The Chinese knew that I was buying for that firm. The money was paid by me by means of compound orders on Hassinbouy Godchan Hosseini & Co. Sali Mahomed introduced us to the Chinese as succeeding Noord Mahomed, my clerk to Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co. The Chinese knew that the Chinese knew I was acting for that firm. The money was paid by me by means of compound orders on Hassinbouy Godchan Hosseini & Co. Sali Mahomed introduced us to the Chinese as succeeding Noord Mahomed, my clerk to Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co.

Mr. Hayllar said he had caught the word “moonsin,” which he said meant nothing. It meant a mandarin official. In Bawley there were many mandarins, and we went there to see King Akyu, and paid him \$400, and made their money by robbery.

Witness said he was not a “moonsin”—I received instructions from Sali Mahomed at certain times to draw upon him for certain amounts. The \$24,000 was all paid by that man.

Mr. Sharp asked whether the witness had any instructions from Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co. Mr. Hayllar objected to the question.

Mr. Breerton.—The letters have been stolen from the Chinese. The conspiracy has been well-batched.

Mr. Sharp asked if he had received any instructions from Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co.

Mr. Hayllar objected. Any instructions must have been by letter.

Mr. Sharp asked if he had received any written instructions from Sali Mahomed.

Mr. Hayllar objected to my instructions given in the absence of the defendants.

Examination continued.—I came down from Canton last in November, and did not return. When I left, Fuzel Mahomed owed the Chinese a total sum of \$60,000.

Mr. Sharp asked who the creditors were.

Mr. Hayllar objected to the question.

Mr. Breerton.—The letters have been stolen from the Chinese. The conspiracy has been well-batched.

Mr. Sharp asked if he had received any instructions from Fuzel Mahomed Eesa & Co.

Mr. Hayllar objected. Any instructions must have been by letter.

Mr. Sharp asked if he had received any written instructions from Sali Mahomed.

Mr. Hayllar objected to my instructions given in the absence of the defendants.

Examination continued.—I came down from Canton last in November, and did not return. When I left, Fuzel Mahomed owed the Chinese a total sum of \$60,000.

Mr. Sharp asked who the creditors were.

Mr. Hayllar objected to the question.

Mr. Breerton.—The letters have been stolen from the Chinese. The conspiracy has been well-batched.

Mr. Sharp said they had lost the summons.

Mr. Hayllar said that in that case he should return to it.

Witness proceeded.—The three copies of the summons were all sent to the lawyer's office.

Mr. Hayllar said that was a little hard to say they had stolen the summons, when they were all sent to Mr. Breerton's office.

Witness: I never went to Court upon that date. That summons was in my box. No one mentioned it was made in it by my first. I did not know it was made in my box. Abdool Mousah told me I mentioned the summons Abdool Mousah sometime afterwards. I believe that when I received the summons Abdool Mousah was at Canton. I spoke to Abdool Devraj, and he told me to get Mr. Caldwell with \$100. Abdool Devraj had said to me for this purpose Mr. Caldwell had said that Ayow wanted \$300. Abdool Devraj had given me for this purpose \$100, at length to Abdool Devraj and Mousah. I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar asked Mr. Chinoy not to disturb him in his writing.

Mr. Chinoy said he must instruct his attorney.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar asked Mr. Chinoy not to distract him in his writing.

Mr. Chinoy said he must instruct his attorney.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar asked Mr. Chinoy not to distract him in his writing.

Mr. Chinoy said he must instruct his attorney.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I did not know Mr. Caldwell as there was a date mentioned in the note.

I did not know that Abdool Devraj about the other \$100, and he said “Very well. You go upstairs and dress yourself, and you shall go with Abdool Devraj and pay the \$100.” I went upstairs, leaving Abdool Devraj and Mousah talking together. When I came down, the order for \$100 was given to Mousah, and we went to Mr. Caldwell with it, asking him to go with us to Mr. Caldwell.

Mr. Hayllar.—Your Attorney? This is a Chinese prosecution.

Examination continued.—Mr. Seth wrote a note asking Mr. Caldwell to receive the \$100, and stating that the remainder of the debt would be paid (probably to Abdool Devraj) after the trial of the next suit. I

**TERrible TRAGEDY AT UMRITSUR.**

We regret to hear that the "beef row" at Umritsur has ended in a terrible and serious tragedy. Our readers are aware that for some time the Hindus have been agitating against the butchers of Umritsur to obtain a decree forbidding the slaughter of cattle and the sale of beef in the city. Their efforts failed chiefly through the firmness of the Commissioner and the strength of the English and Muslim party in the committee. One morning recently, about either one or two o'clock, a body of armed Hindus assembled and made a dash upon the Butcher's Lane, and attacked the butchers sleeping outside. The murderers were armed with swords and broad axes, and the butchers being unarmed and asleep, were unable to save themselves. Four butchers were literally hacked to pieces, and two others were so fearfully cut up that one had died, and the other's life is despaired of. The night was very dark one, and it will be difficult to recognize the murderer. A doubtful voice was heard to say he belonged to the Nihangs. Some indications found in the scene of the massacre, it is suspected that the murderers belong to the Nihangs sect. But another account states that the Akalis are suspected. The Akalis are a sort of fanatic Sikhs, a semi-sacerdotal class attached to the temples. They are the turbulent-looking fellows who wear conical hats about a yard high, covered with small weapons and brass studded chokers or sharp rings which they can turn round their necks with precision and effect. They are respected and feared by all. The Nihangs never are associated with all that is reckless and Bohemian. Their name indeed is a common expression in the Punjab to represent them.

The affair, as may be anticipated, has caused some excitement, as it is expected that the master will not end here. Bad passion on both sides has been aroused, and natives are already whispering that other members of the butcher fraternity have been marked out for destruction. The police are on the alert, and the strictest investigation is proceeding.—*India Opinion*, June 16.

**THE NEW LIGHT FOR THE COMMONS.**

Mr. Ayton's project for setting up a lime-light on the top of the House of Commons, so that the world of London know when the House of Commons is sitting, seems so much like a satire that it might be excused for divesting it of a portion of its original character. The lamp in the presence of Elizabeth is already suggestive of an inadequate amount of light within the walls, and there needs no other reminder to inspire regret for the absence of such brilliant talents as were wont in other times to convey the force of argument in electric flashes and bring debates to a conclusion in a few hours which are now extended through weeks and months in a dreary waste of words. There was a time when the world could be put in a few words, but the days of "old man eloquence," the brightness of whose wit and the effusiveness of whose oratory charmed attentive listeners and gave attraction to the debates to which the prosaic dithers of our living orators and patriots makes a painful contrast. The intellect of the House of Commons of the present day may be designated as "one of plain plodding and respectable mediocrity."

But the responsibility of Mr. Ayton's project, prior to the past, is that of personal courtesy. The decorum of the House of Commons is unquestionable. No one would seriously think of uttering a word that could be hurtful to the feelings of another member; as if impressed by the sentiment the venerable Dr. Watts desired to instill into the rising generation, that though dogs delight in bark and bite "for their nature to," human children of whatever growth should never let their anger or impatience overrule them not to interrupt the debates by anything of a disorderly or pugnacious kind, that would give rise to anything like a apprehension of a fire right upon the floor. Such fears departed with the talents and our Legislature has become, at any rate, the most polite in the world. If a fit of temper should, incisively, be exhibited, an unanimous call to order brings the offender at once to repentance and apology.

But the responsibility of Mr. Ayton's discussions in the House of Commons lies to reconcile its constituents to the lack of business there. We are getting on through the almanac. White-sunrise is now sometime behind us, and the Session seems destined to be nearly barren of results. Mr. Gladstone wings his hands as days and nights pass without the realization of his expectations, and the work still accumulates around him. Ministers are bewildered, and perplexed, and their schemes, in their purpose, give expression to their discontent. Ministers go worse every year. Sessions open with brilliant promises, which are eventually broken and cast to the winds. If all the bills and projects introduced and withdrawn were to be made a bonfire on the top of the House of Commons, Mr. Ayton's lime light might not be wanted to let the world know where the House of Commons is.

**COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.**

**AUGUST 2nd, EVENING.** — The market for Bengal drug Patna has been unsettled under speculative influence, sales of which have been made at \$30 to \$64 per ton; and the price of the 6th sale to arrive from Assamive demand has been made at \$32 to \$45 on credit. Patna Rs. 65 to \$60. No change in Malwa. The at-stamer Hindostan has brought 1,000 chests Patna, and 506 chests Benares.

**AUGUST 3rd, MORNING.** — No change, market steady for Bengal.

In share, there has not been much doing, the heavy settlements for end of July, have gone on very favorably. Banks are steady at 50 per cent for Old, and 47 per cent for New. Hong Kong Firms have taken another sudden start, and are again in demand, and are in demand at \$160 per share; and Victoria Rs. 150 per share for cash; Steamboats are firm at 31 per cent, for cash, and 33 to 35 for end of September; China and Japan Marine are slightly better, and sales have been made at Rs. 85 to 90 for end of the year.

The seventh Opium sale of this year was held on the 6th July, when 665 chests Patna, and 1,665 chests Benares were sold at the following rates:—Patna sold high Rs. 1,340, lowest Rs. 1,330, average Rs. 1,335.11.3. Benares sold high Rs. 1,310, lowest Rs. 1,305, average Rs. 1,307.15. This shows a decline on the averages of last sale of Rs. 33.125 per chest for Patna, and 15.134 for Benares. After the sale, about 4 p.m. the same day, holders of the drug came forward as sellers, and brought down the market for Patna to 1,320, the next day prices rose again, and have remained firm at 1,340 for Patna. Benares remained without any fluctuation. Latest quoted were—Patna Rs. 1,340; Benares Rs. 1,308 per chest.

The steamer Hindostan and Glenarney carry as under:—

Hindostan—for Hongkong, 1,400 Singapore..... 221 Penang..... 27 S. or H'k'ng..... 35 P. or H'k'ng..... 670 P. or Sing..... 78

Glenarney—for Hongkong, 865 Singapore..... 221 Penang..... 27 S. or H'k'ng..... 35 P. or H'k'ng..... 670 P. or Sing..... 78

SHARES.—Hongkong Bank Shares, Old—50 per cent premium. Hongkong Bank Share, New—27 per cent premium.

Union Insurance Society of Canton, new share. China Fire Insurance Company's Shares—\$225 per share premium. China and Japan Marine Insurance—Rs. 75 per share premium.

Chinese Insurance Company—\$70 per share premium. Hongkong Fire Insurance Company's Shares—\$30 per share premium.

China Fire Insurance Company's Shares—\$60 per share premium.

Victoria Fire Insurance Company's Shares—\$50 per share premium.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company's Shares—31 cent discount.

Shanghai Steam Navigation Company—Rs. 26 per share premium.

China Sea, Saigon, and Straits Steamship Company—8 per cent discount.

China and Straits Steam Navigation Company—20 per cent discount.

**SALES ON AUGUST 2nd, 1871.**

*As reported by O'Brien.*  
White Wools, per lb., at \$4.00, by Booklovers to Hongkong merchant.  
Yellow Wools, 30 pieces, at \$55.00, by Booklovers to Hongkong merchant.  
Saigon Rice, 500 pieces, at \$2.12, by Hopking to Hongkong merchant.  
Veronese, 50 pieces, at \$7.70, by Hopking to travelling merchant.  
Bombay Cotton, 30 bales, at \$18.25, by Purse merchant to Yuen Hoong.  
Bombay Cotton, 32 bales, at \$17.90, by Purse merchant to Kwong-hong.  
Bombay Cotton, 21 bales, at \$17.50, by Purse merchant to Riu-kuo.  
Singapore Cotton, 50 bales, at \$16.75, by Purse merchant to Chusan-shing.

**Notices of Firms.**

WE have established a Branch of our firm at Shanghai.

Mr. CHARLES VOGL and Mr. THEODORE SCHNEIDER are authorized to sign our name here and in China.

1. VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co.

1m 305 Hongkong, 1st August, 1871.

**NOTICE.**

M. SAM'L WILHELM POMEROY, Jr., and M. JNO. M. FORBES, Jr., have been admitted partners in our firm.

1. VOGEL & Co.

3m 1213 China, July 1st, 1871.

**NOTICE.**

M. R. GEORGE S. HARDY is authorized to sign our firm, per procurator, in Foochow, from this date.

1. BILLETT & Co.

ff 804 Hongkong, 21st October, 1869.

**NOTICE.**

M. R. THOMAS H. DE SILVER is admitted a partner in our firm from the 1st of October, 1869.

1. FRICKEL & Co.

ff 2003 Hongkong, 21st October, 1869.

**NOTICE.**

M. R. WILLIAM HENRY MOORE and Mr. OTTO FRIEDRICH, have this day been admitted partners in our firm.

1. LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

ff 1268 Hongkong, 20th June, 1870.

**NOTICE.**

M. E. WILLIAM ABBOTT TURNBULL is authorized to sign our firm from this date.

1. BIELEY, WORTHINGTON & Co.

ff 529 Shanghai, 1st May, 1871.

**NOTICE.**

M. E. ALFRED HUTCHISON was admitted a Partner therein on the 1st January.

1. DEACON & Co.

ff 397 Canton, 1st March, 1871.

**NOTICE.**

M. E. ALFRED HUTCHISON in our Firm ceased on the 1st December last.

1. DEACON & Co.

ff 397 Canton, 1st January, 1871.

**Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c.****TO LET.**

TO LET.—With possession on the 1st August next.

THE HOUSE, No. 6, on Peader's Hill; and

HOUSE, No. 9, in Seymour Terrace.

Apply to

DAVID SASOON, SONS & Co.

ff 1244 Hongkong, 21st July, 1871.

**TO LET.**

With possession early in April.

THAT very desirable RESIDENCE, Glaeskin House, now in the occupation of the Hon. J. PADMORE.

For particulars, apply to

ROB. S. WALKER & Co.

ff 434 Hongkong, 10th March, 1871.

**TO LET.**

THE PREMISES, recently occupied by C. LANGDON DAVIS, Esq., Peader's Wharf,

consisting of five rooms and two verandas.

The OFFICE, recently occupied by ROBERT MCINTOSH, Esq., Peader's Wharf.

The OFFICES, recently occupied by C. D. WILLIAMS, Esq., with verandah on the Praya, Peader's Wharf.

Apply to

GEORGE P. HEARD,

Esq., Director, Estates of J. B. ENDICOTT, deceased.

ff 916 Hongkong, 27th May, 1871.

**TO LET.**

With possession early in April.

THAT very desirable RESIDENCE, Glaeskin House, now in the occupation of the Hon. J. PADMORE.

For particulars, apply to

ROB. S. WALKER & Co.

ff 434 Hongkong, 10th March, 1871.

**TO LET.**

THE COMMODIOUS GODOWNS, Business

PREMISES AND RESIDENCE, formerly

occupied by Messrs. MELOCERS & Co.

and now in demand, are in

hand at \$160 per share; and Victoria Rs. 150 per share for cash; Steamboats are firm at 31 per cent, for cash, and 33 to 35 for end of September; China and Japan Marine are slightly better, and sales have been made at

Rs. 85 to 90 for end of the year.

The seventh Opium sale of this year was held on the 6th July, when 665 chests Patna, and 1,665 chests Benares were sold at the following rates:—Patna sold high Rs. 1,340, lowest Rs. 1,330, average Rs. 1,335.11.3. Benares sold high Rs. 1,310, lowest Rs. 1,305, average Rs. 1,307.15. This shows a decline on the averages of last sale of Rs. 33.125 per chest for Patna, and 15.134 for Benares. After the sale, about 4 p.m. the same day, holders of the drug came forward as sellers, and brought down the market for Patna to 1,320, the next day prices rose again, and have remained firm at 1,340 for Patna. Benares remained without any fluctuation. Latest quoted were—Patna Rs. 1,340; Benares Rs. 1,308 per chest.

The steamer Hindostan and Glenarney carry as under:—

Hindostan—for Hongkong, 1,400

Singapore..... 221

Penang..... 27

S. or H'k'ng..... 35

P. or H'k'ng..... 670

P. or Sing..... 78

Glenarney—for Hongkong, 865

Singapore..... 221

Penang..... 27

S. or H'k'ng..... 35

P. or H'k'ng..... 670

P. or Sing..... 78

SHARES.—Hongkong Bank Shares, Old—50 per cent premium.

Hongkong Bank Share, New—27 per cent premium.

Union Insurance Society of Canton, new share.

China Fire Insurance Company's Shares—

\$225 per share premium.

China and Japan Marine Insurance—Rs. 75 per share premium.

Chinese Insurance Company—\$70 per share premium.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company's Shares—

\$30 per share premium.

China Fire Insurance Company's Shares—\$60 per share premium.

